

The UK needs
1.28 million
 science, engineering and
 technology professionals
 and technicians by 2020

Royal Academy of Engineering.

Total investment in R&D
 as a percentage of GDP

	2000	2012
UK	1.79%	1.73%
China	0.90%	1.98%
South Korea	2.30%	4.36%

OECD (2014). Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI).

Business investment in
 UK R&D accounts for
 only 1.10% of GDP in
 the UK, compared with
 1.95% in the USA, 2.02%
 in Germany and 3.40%
 in South Korea.

OECD (2014). Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI).

65%

of the public agree that
 they would like scientists to
 spend more time than they do
 discussing the social and ethical
 implications of their research
 with the general public.

Ipsos MORI 2011.

THE
 ROYAL
 SOCIETY

BRITISH
 ACADEMY

ROYAL
 ACADEMY OF
 ENGINEERING

The Academy of
 Medical Sciences

“I believe in
 innovation and
 that the way you
 get innovation is
 you fund research
 and you learn the
 basic facts.”

Bill Gates

For every £1 spent by the
 government on R&D, private
 sector R&D output rises by
 20p per year in perpetuity,
 by raising the level of the
 UK knowledge base.

Haskel J et al (2014) The Economic Significance of the UK Science Base – A report for the Campaign for Science and Engineering.

While the UK
 represents 0.9%
 of global population,
 it accounts for 15.9%
 of the world’s most
 highly-cited articles.

Elsevier (2013). International comparative performance of the UK research base.

79%

of the public agree
 that even if it brings
 no immediate benefits,
 scientific research which
 advances knowledge
 should be funded
 by Government.

Ipsos MORI 2014.

The UK National Academies

The Academy of Medical Sciences, the British Academy, the Royal Academy of Engineering and the Royal Society work together to highlight the value of research and innovation to the UK, and to support researchers, industry and policymakers to make the UK the location of choice for world class research, development and innovation. We work with our research communities to maximise the value of research funding and to support the translation of knowledge into benefits for individuals and society at large. We look forward to working with policymakers, industry and broader society to create the conditions that will secure the UK as the best place in the world to explore, discover and innovate.

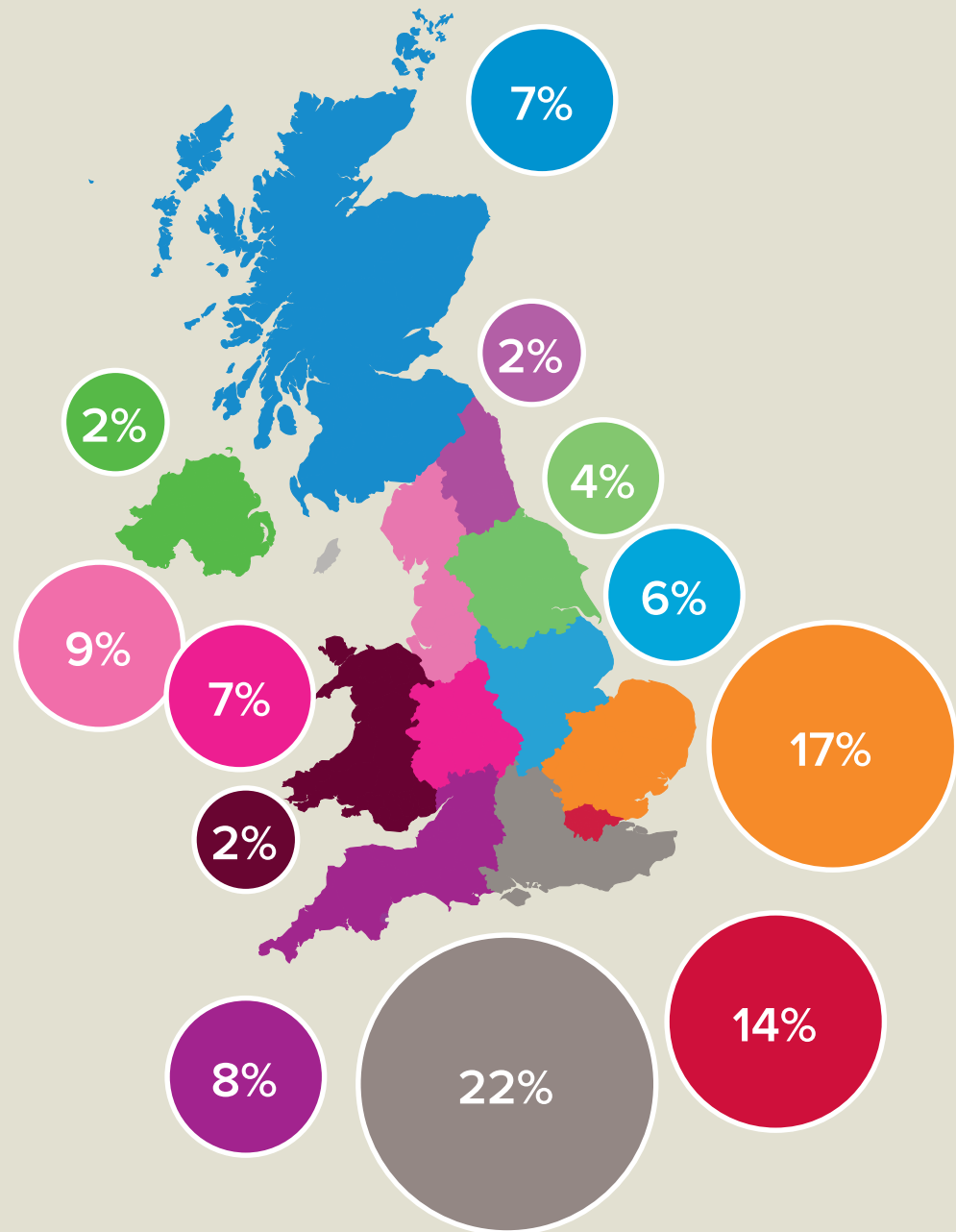
Firms that persistently
 invest in R&D have
13% higher productivity
 than those with no R&D
 spending.

BIS (2014) Innovation report.

Gross Value Added
 of the Creative
 Industries was £71.4
 billion in 2012 and
 accounted for 5.2%
 of the UK Economy.

Department for Culture, Media & Sport, 2014.

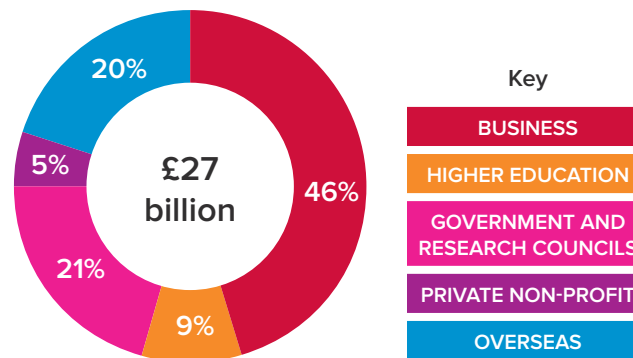
Where is R&D investment made in the UK?



Office of National Statistics (2014) UK Gross Domestic Expenditure on R&D 2012.

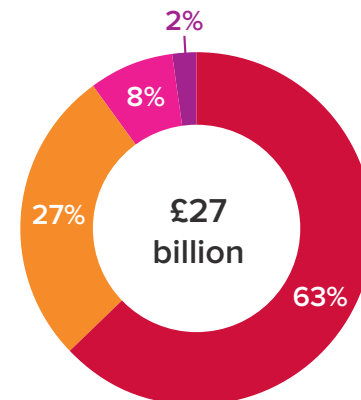
Who invests in UK R&D?

(2012 data)



Who does UK R&D?

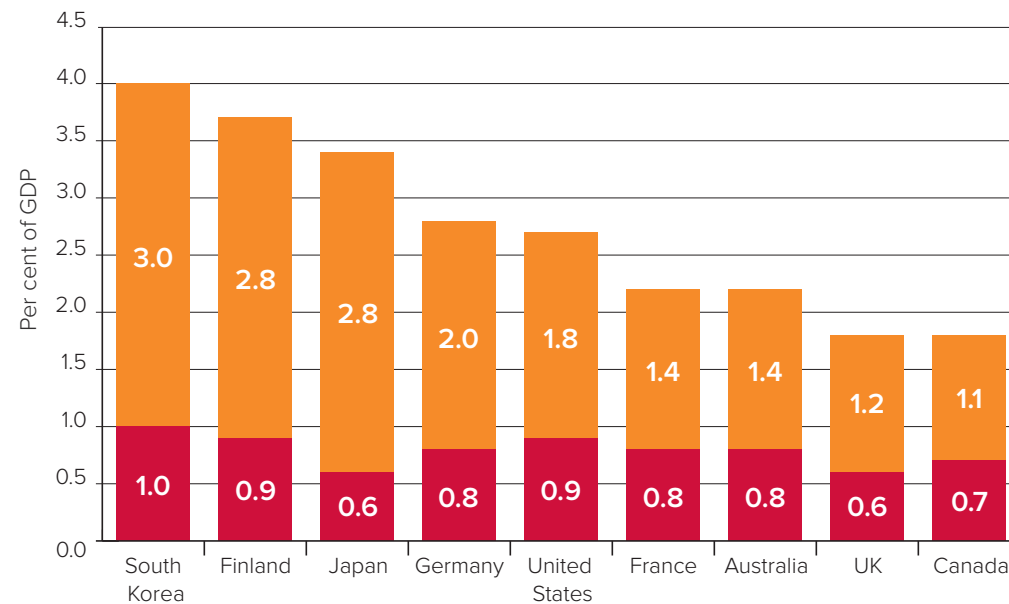
(2012 data)



Office of National Statistics. Note that figures are rounded.

How does UK investment in R&D compare globally?

(2011 data)



Key



Tera Allas (2014) Insights from international benchmarking of the UK science and innovation system.